

IG Metall Küste/Agentur für Struktur- und Personalentwicklung GmbH Heino Bade/Thorsten Ludwig

IndustriALL Global Union World Conference on Shipbuilding-Shipbreaking

Section 2:

Organizing and Fighting against Precarious Work

10-12 November 2014 Huis Ten Bosch/Nagasaki Prefecture, Japan

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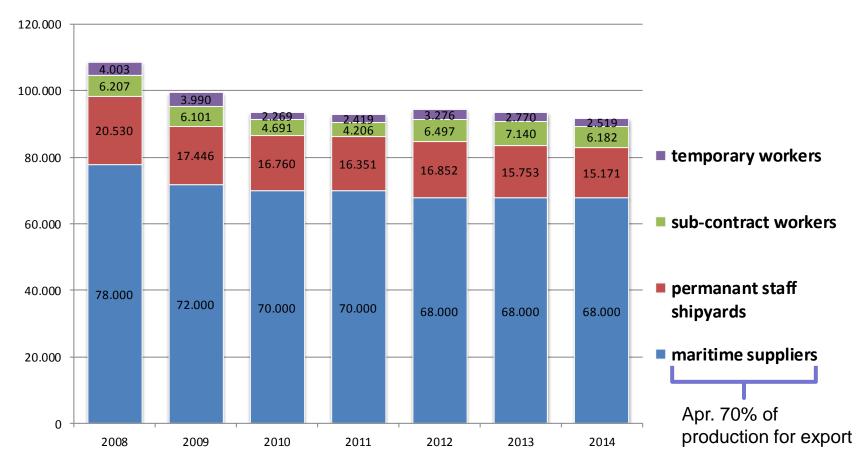
1. The German shipbuilding industry: Selcted facts & figures

Fighting against precarious work in German shipbuilding: The case of subcontract workers



Apr. 100.000 employees are working in German shipbuilding industry

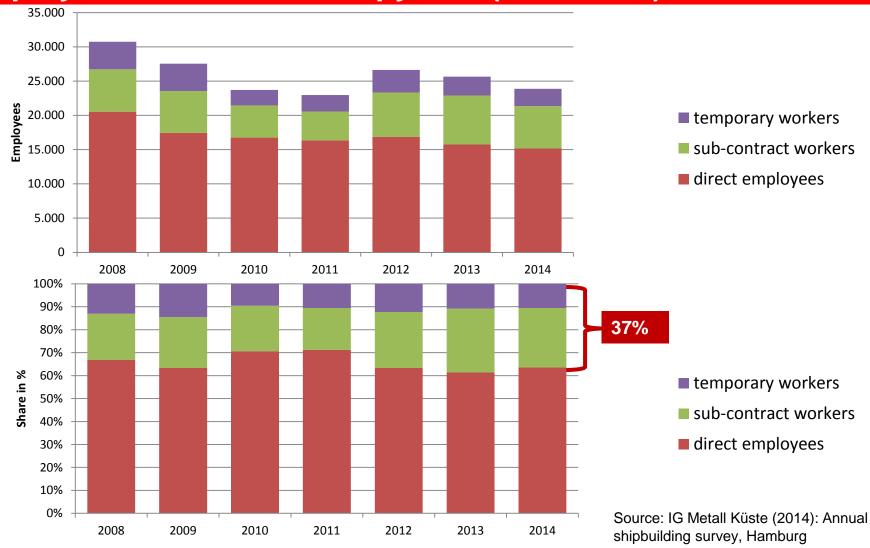
German shipbuilding: Employment 2008-2014



Source: IG Metall Küste (2014): Annual shipbuilding survey, Hamburg



Employment in German shipyards (2008-2014)





Shipyard employees: Selected facts

- 99 % of the permanent staff is working in shipyards covered by collective agreements.
- → Apr. 13% of the permanent staff are working under conditions above the regulations of the collective agreements.
- 32% of the engineers/technicians are covered by regulations above the collective agreements.
- The share of female employees stays unchanged at 10%.
- 25% of the employees of German shipyards are working as engineers or technicians.
- Only 4% of the employees are covered by time-limited working-contracts.
- Apr. 20% of the new hired permanent staff were temporary workers before.
- **2** 50% of all shipyards have problems to recruit qualified staff.
- Nearly 30% of all shipyard workers are involved in naval shipbuilding.
- Orderbook 2009: 106 ships (9,7 bill. €); Orderbook 2013: 46 ships (9,3 bill. €)

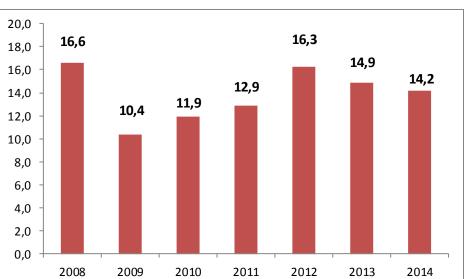
Source: IG Metall Küste (2014): Annual shipbuilding survey,



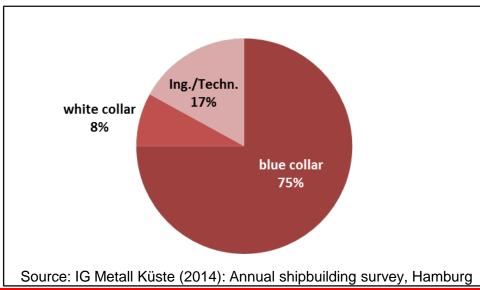
Temporary workers: Decreasing quota since 2012

- Quota of temporary workers: 14.2%
- Increasing usage of temporary workers in Engineering
- Collective agreement for temporary workers is used in all shipyards

Quotas of temporary workers in German shipyard industry in % (2008 2014)



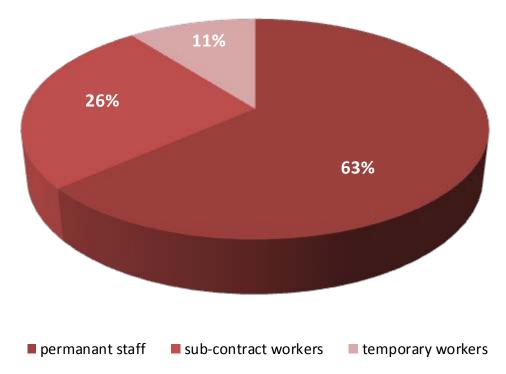
Usage of temporary workers by area in %





Employment-structure in German shipyards in 2014

Employment in German shipyards by status of employment (in sum: 23.872 emloyees)



Source: IG Metall Küste (2014): Annual shipbuilding survey,



Content

- The German shipbuilding industry: Selcted facts & figures
- 2. Fighting against precarious work in German shipbuilding: The case of sub-contract workers



Forms of precarious work

Time limited contracts ———— Not really a problem in shipbuilding

Part-time employment Mainly problematic in the case of social security (general minimum wages in 2015)

Regulated by collective agreements with IG Metall – some problems remain

- Indirect employment through intermediary typically used by sub-contracors collective agreements on yard-level
- Subordinate an dependent contractors disguised as ———— Not really a problem in shipbuilding autonomous workers



Fighting against precarious work: The case of Meyer Werft





- 25 % of the value added is procuced by the Meyer Werft
- •75 % of the value added is produced by sub-contractors/suppliers

Average employment-structure of Meyer Werft in 2013:

- 3.200 employees (permanent staff)
- 300 apprentices
- 630 temporary workers
- 1.500 sub-contract workers

(Source: Task-Force-Report, p. 8ff.)







Fighting against precarious work: The case of Meyer Werft

- Apr. 2.000 companies are working with Meyer Werft
- In 2013 Meyer Werft registered 7.913 person allowed to work on the yard (without apprentices, permanent staff and visitors)
 - Apr. 1.500 of them came from Bulgaria and Romania
- 21 sub-contractors which mainly hired people from Eastern Europe have been evaluated by the Task-Force
- Evaluation-criteria (01.03.2013 31.08.2013):
 - Working times
 - Payment
 - > OHS
 - Usage of the yard's infrastructure

Fighting against precarious work: Living conditions of sub-contract workers in Mecklenburg-Vorpommern



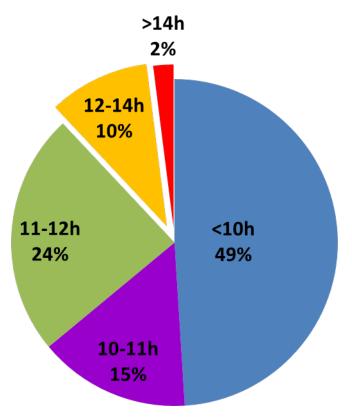
Bezirk Küste





Fighting against precarious work: The case of Meyer Werft

Sub-contract workers: Presence times on the Meyer Werft (01.03.-31.08.2013)



 Collective agreement in autumn 2013 on minimum standards for sub-contract workers, working times, controlling of living conditions by public administration etc.

Source: TASK-Force-Report



Thanks!

| Bezirk Küste